Graphing Quadratics from their Features	5
Practice	

1. Graph the quadratic that has a vertex at (3,9), a <i>v</i> -	2. Graph the quadratic that has a vertex at $(1, 4)$, a v-
intercept at $(0, 0)$, and roots at $x = 0$ and $x = 6$.	intercept at (0, 3), and roots at $x = -1$ and $x = 3$.
$ \begin{array}{c} $	$ \begin{array}{c} $
3. Graph the quadratic that has a vertex at $(2 - 3)$ a v-	4. Graph the quadratic that has a vertex at $(-4, -9)$ a v-
intercept at (0,9), and roots at $x = 1$ and $x = 3$.	intercept at (0,7), and roots at $x = -7$ and $x = -1$.
$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 $	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 $
5. Graph the quadratic that has a vertex at (1, 0), a <i>y</i> -	6. Graph the quadratic that has a vertex at $(-3, -4)$, a y-
intercept at (0, 3), and a root at $x = 1$.	intercept at (0, 5), and roots at $x = -5$ and $x = -1$.
$ \begin{array}{c} $	$ \begin{array}{c} $
7. Graph the quadratic that has a vertex at (0, 9), a <i>y</i> -	8. Graph the quadratic that has a vertex at $(-4, -1)$, a y-
intercept at (0, 9), and roots at $x = -3$ and $x = 3$.	intercept at (0, 0), and roots at $x = -8$ and $x = 0$.

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