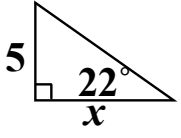
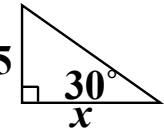
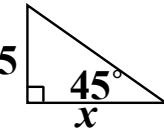
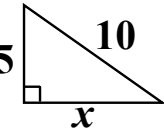
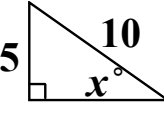


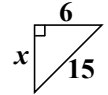
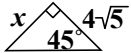

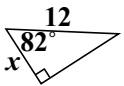
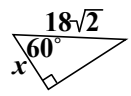
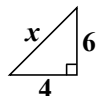


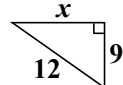
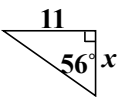
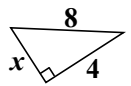
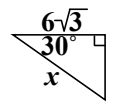
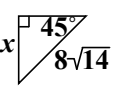
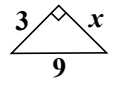
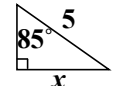
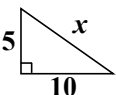
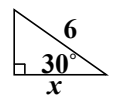
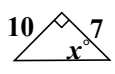
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Special Triangles vs. Trigonometry vs. Pythagorean Theorem

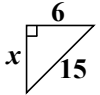
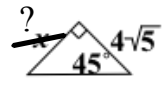

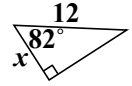
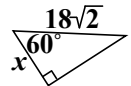

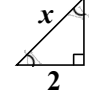

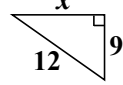
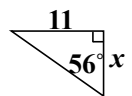
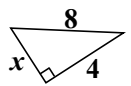
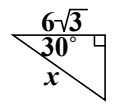
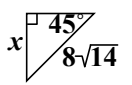
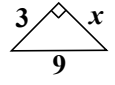
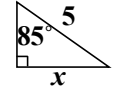
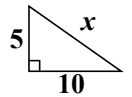
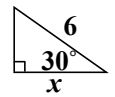
The first step to solving a right triangle problem is recognizing what type of problem you should be solving. There are various options that help you to evaluate **right triangles**:

Use when you...	Trigonometry	Special Triangles		Pythagorean Theorem	Inverse Trigonometry
		30-60-90	45-45-90		
HAVE:	1 side and 1 angle	1 side on 30-60-90	1 side on 45-45-90	2 sides	2 sides
WANT:	a side	a side	a side	a side	an angle
Example:					

Section 1: Determine which process you should use to solve each triangle below.

<p><b>EXAMPLE:</b> Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p>  <p>I have 2 sides, &amp; I want a side, so I'll USE: <u>PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM</u></p>	<p><b>EXAMPLE:</b> Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p>  <p>I have 1 side on 45-45-90 &amp; I want a side, so I'll USE: <u>SPECIAL TRIANGLES</u></p>	<p><b>EXAMPLE:</b> Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p>  <p>I have 2 sides &amp; want an angle, so I'll USE: <u>INVERSE TRIG</u></p>
<p><b>EXAMPLE:</b> Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p>  <p>I have 1 sides and 1 angle, &amp; I want a side, so I'll USE: <u>TRIGONOMETRY</u></p>	<p>1a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>2a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 
<p>3a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>4a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>5a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 
<p>6a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>7a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>8a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 
<p>9a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>10a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>11a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 
<p>12a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>13a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 	<p>14a. Which process should you use to solve for <math>x</math>?</p> 

Section 2: Determine the value of  $x$ .

<p><b>EXAMPLE:</b></p>  <p>Pyth. Thm: <math>a^2 + b^2 = c^2</math>  <math>c</math> is the hyp!  <math>x^2 + 6^2 = 15^2</math>  <math>x^2 + 36 = 225</math>  <math>x^2 = 189</math>  <math>x = \sqrt{189}</math>  <math>x = \sqrt{9 \cdot 21}</math>  <math>x = \boxed{3\sqrt{21}}</math></p>	<p><b>EXAMPLE:</b></p>  <p>Special Triangles: 45-45-90  <math>opp45: x = \frac{hyp}{\sqrt{2}} \leftarrow (4\sqrt{5}) = \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{10}</math>  <math>opp45: x = 4\sqrt{5}</math>  <math>hyp: x\sqrt{2} = \frac{hyp}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{10}</math>  <math>opp45 = \boxed{4\sqrt{5}}</math></p>	<p><b>EXAMPLE:</b></p>  <p>Inverse Trigonometry:  <i>S o h [C a h] T o a</i>  <math>\frac{7}{4} \quad \frac{4}{7} \quad \frac{4}{7}</math>  <math>\cos(x^\circ) = \frac{4}{7}</math>  <math>\cos(x^\circ) = 0.5714</math>  <math>x^\circ = \boxed{55^\circ}</math></p> <p>7 <math>\overline{) 4.00000}</math>  <math>\underline{-35}</math>  <math>50</math>  <math>\underline{-49}</math>  <math>10</math>  <math>\underline{-7}</math>  <math>30</math>  <math>\underline{-28}</math>  <math>20</math></p>
<p><b>EXAMPLE:</b></p>  <p>Trigonometry:  <i>S o h [C a h] T o a</i>  <math>\frac{12}{x} \quad \frac{x}{12} \quad \frac{x}{12}</math>  <math>\cos(82^\circ) = \frac{x}{12}</math>  <math>12\cos(82^\circ) = x</math>  <math>12(0.1392) = x</math>  <math>1.6704 = x</math>  <math>x = \boxed{1.7}</math></p>	<p>1b.</p> 	<p>2b.</p> 
<p>3b.</p> 	<p>4b.</p> 	<p>5b.</p> 
<p>6b.</p> 	<p>7b.</p> 	<p>8b.</p> 
<p>9b.</p> 	<p>10b.</p> 	<p>11b.</p> 
<p>12b.</p> 	<p>13b.</p> 	<p>14b.</p> 